



EnergyVille

Myopic optimization models for
simulation of investment decisions in
the power sector

Kris Poncelet

Workshop Short term versus long term energy planning –
Considering temporal trade-offs in decarbonisation pathways

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Why use myopic models?

Reduce computational complexity

- ✦ Allows to increase level of detail
- ✦ Trade-off LT time horizon versus level of ST detail
- ✦ Either optimization or simulation paradigm

Capture imperfect foresight and short-term focus of decision makers

- ✦ More realistic decision making
- ✦ Simulation paradigm



Methodological analysis

2 scenarios:

✦ Perfect foresight (PF)

✦ Myopic foresight (MF10)

Focus on period 2020-2055

5-year periods

Power system inspired by the Belgian case

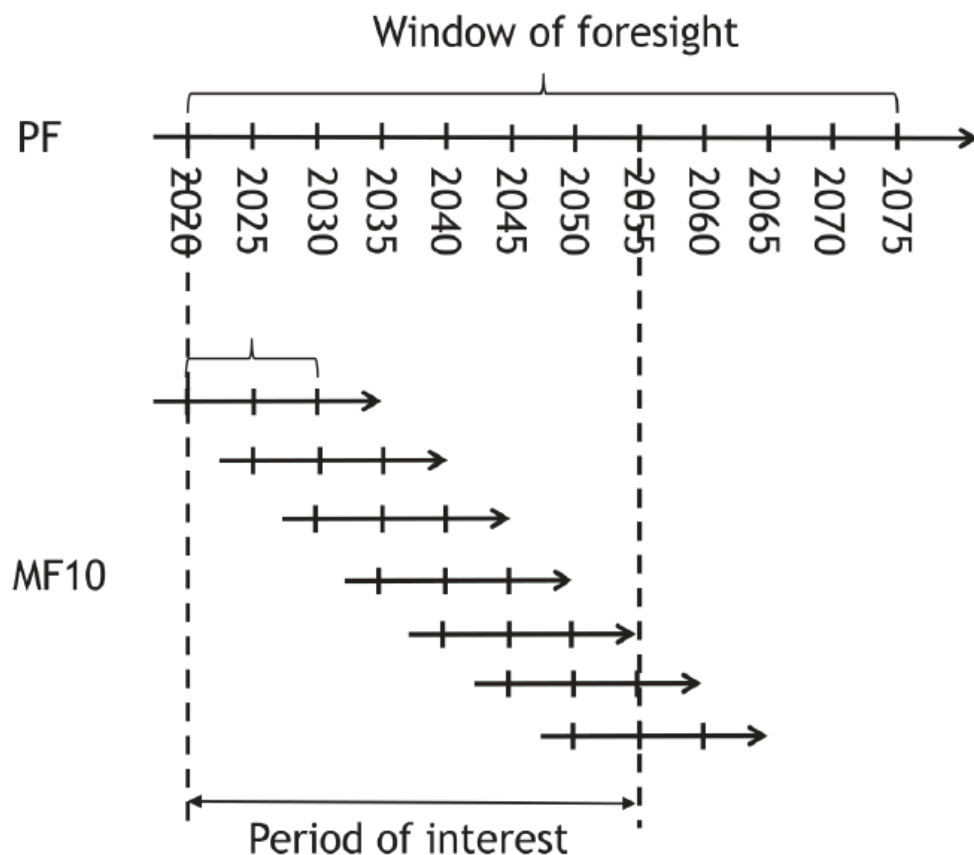
Increasing carbon price

LUSYM Investment planning model:

✦ Partial equilibrium

✦ 8 representative days

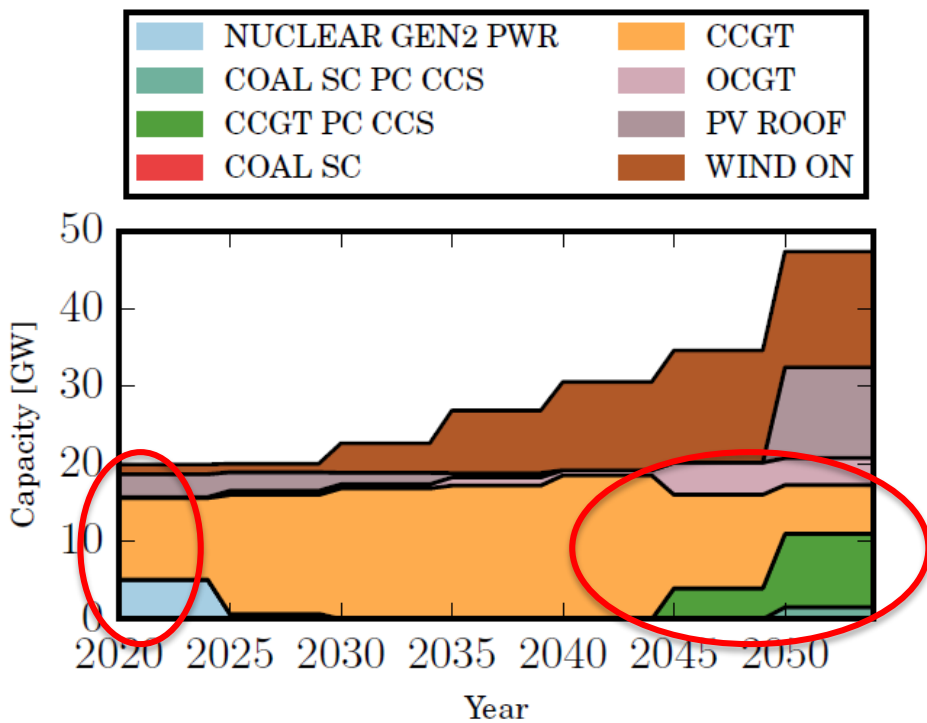
✦ Clustered unit commitment



Impact on results

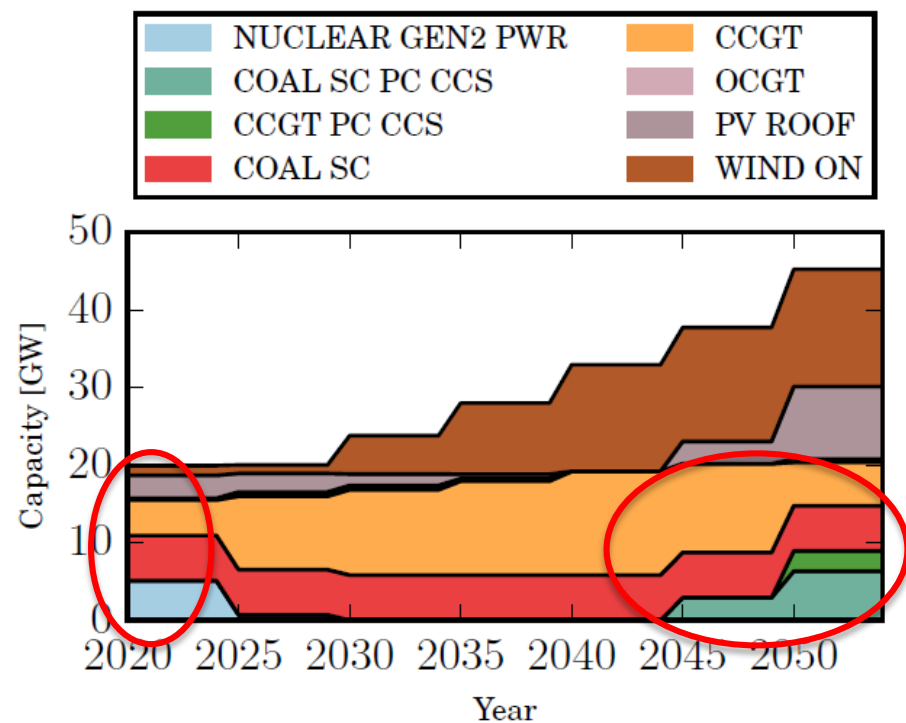
Perfect foresight

PF



10-year foresight

MF10



Liberalized electricity markets

Investment decision makers are private utilities





Invest if projected revenues allow a reasonable internal rate of return IRR (incl. risk premium)


SR profits = revenues – operational costs

$$\sum_y \{E[SR Profits_y] \times \frac{1}{(1+IRR)^{y-z}}\} \geq \text{fixed costs}$$

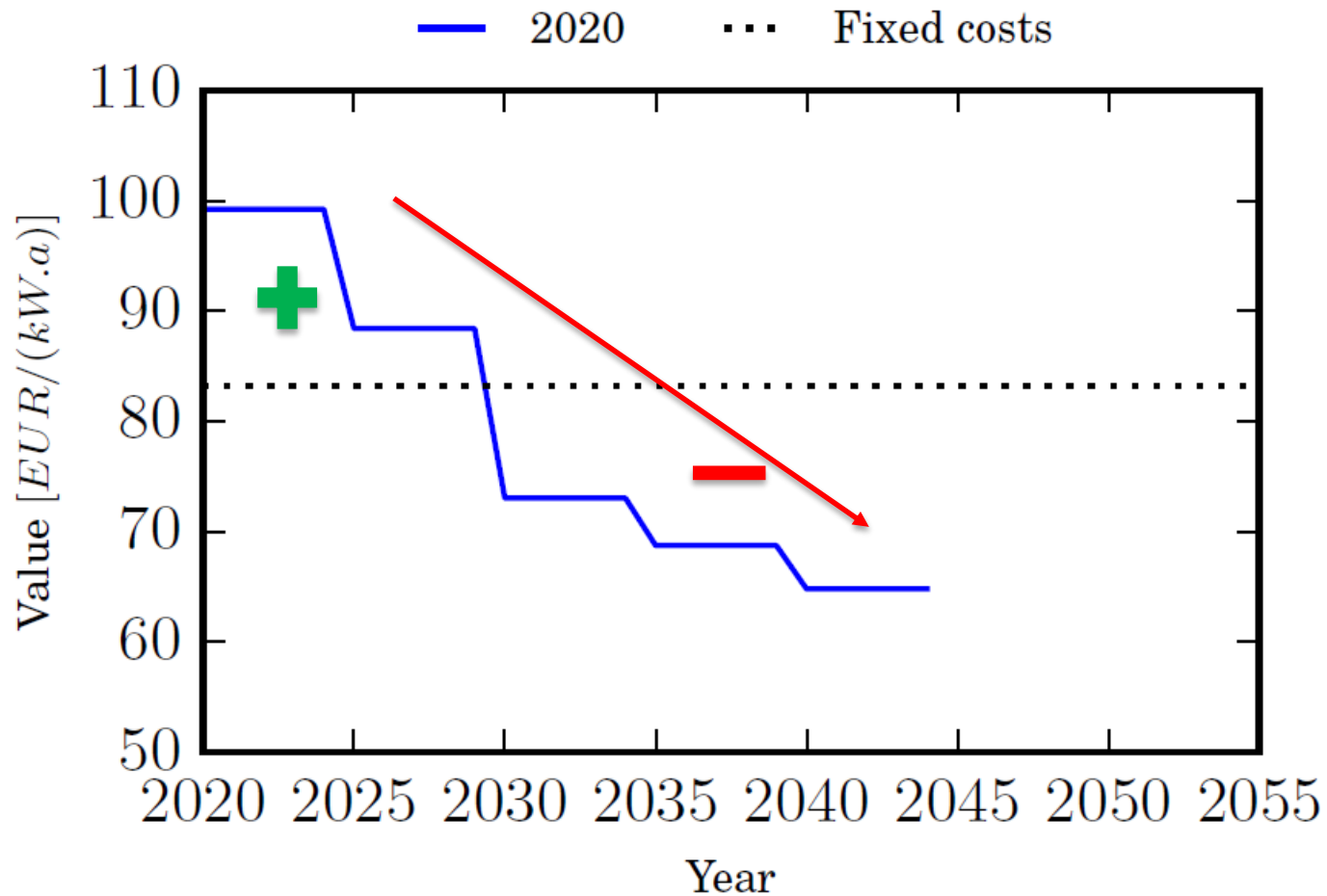
Perfect foresight scenario

Perfect foresight of:

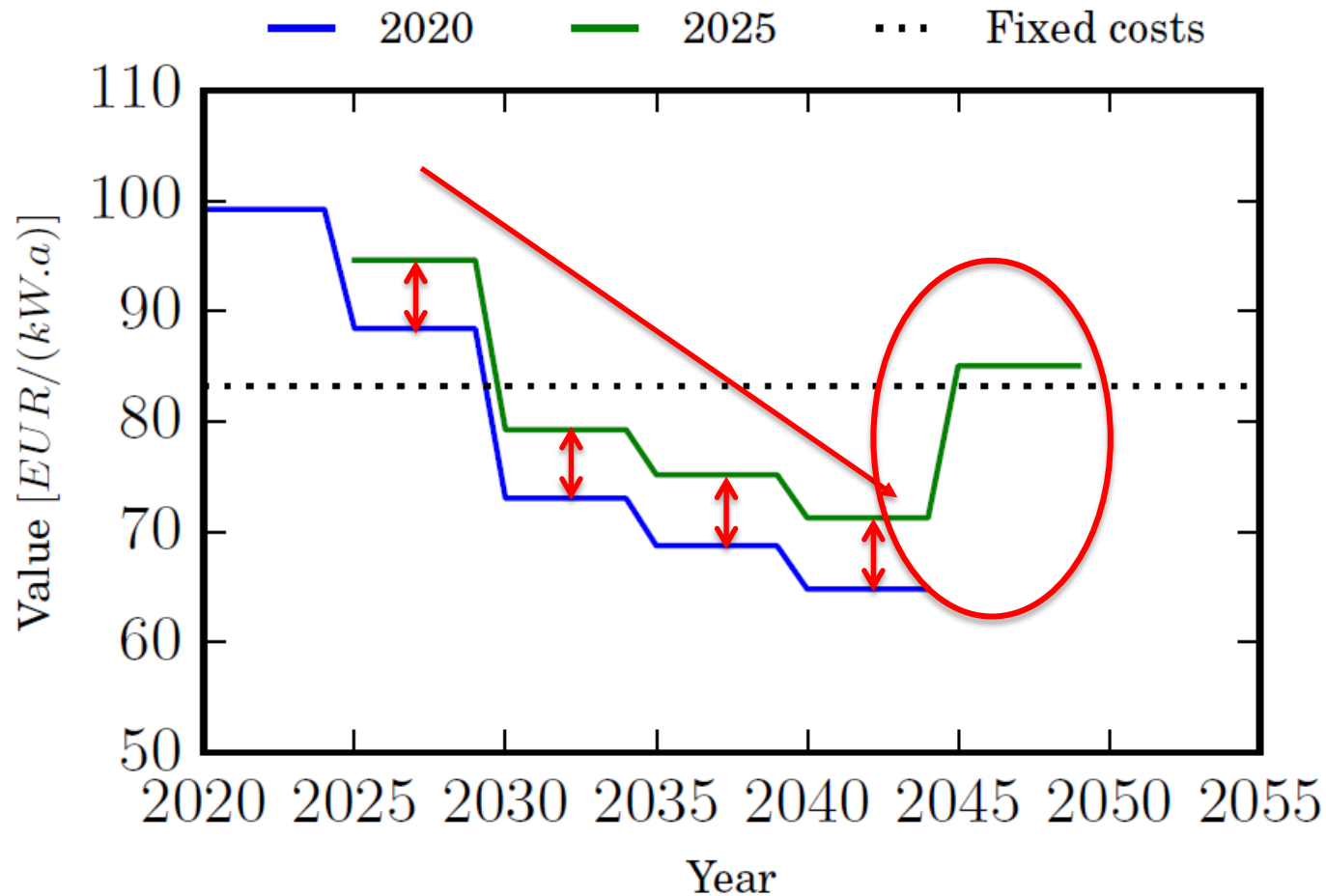
-  Electricity prices (and capacity remuneration) in each time step and all years (implicit)
-  Generation during each time step and all years
-  Generation costs (fossil fuel prices, maintenance, etc.)
-  => Exactly know SR profits

 =>
$$\sum_y \left\{ SR \text{ Profits}_y \times \frac{1}{(1+IRR)^{y-z}} \right\} = \textit{fixed costs}$$

Perfect foresight scenario



Perfect foresight scenario



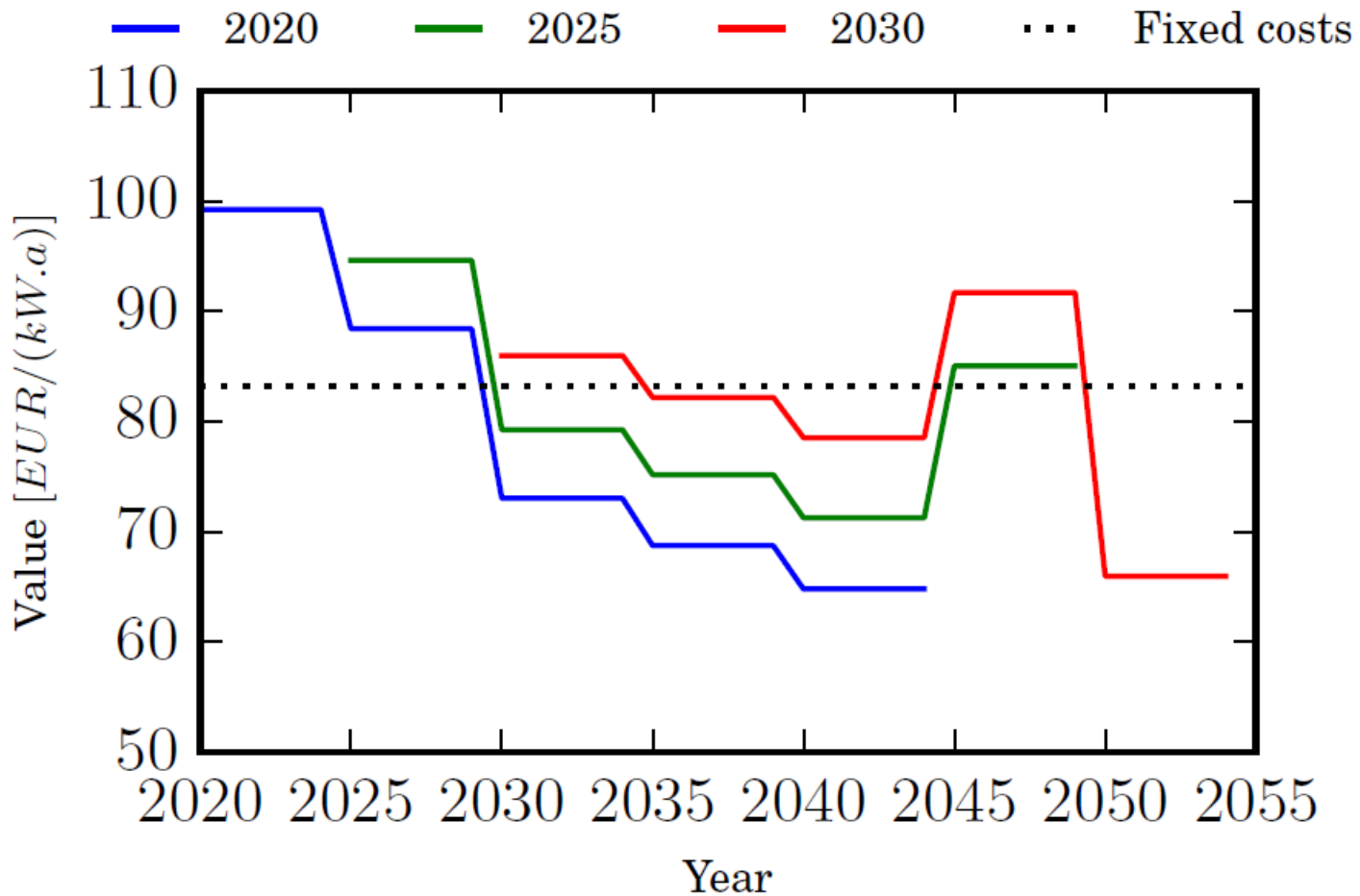
Perfect foresight scenario

Factors which can impact the SR profits:

- ✂ Fossil fuel prices
- ✂ Carbon price
- ✂ Timing of decommissioning existing plants
- ✂ Type, timing and amount of newly built capacity
- ✂ Technological progress
- ✂ Evolution of the electricity demand
- ✂ Policy interactions
- ✂ Market design changes
- ✂ Interconnections

Private utilities do not have perfect information

Perfect foresight scenario



Perfect foresight scenario - conclusions

✦ $\sum_y \{SR Profits_y \times \frac{1}{(1+IRR)^{y-z}}\} = \textit{fixed costs}$

✦ Perfect foresight for private utilities is unrealistic

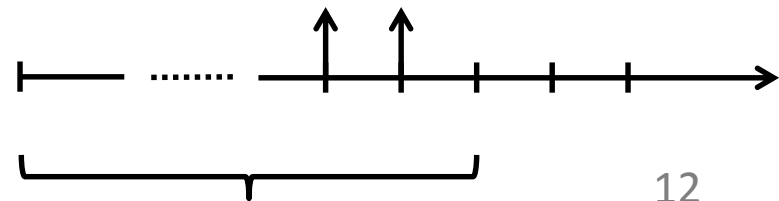
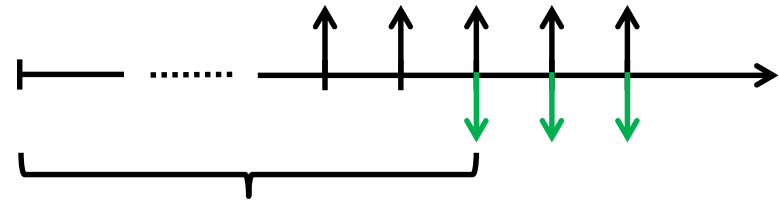
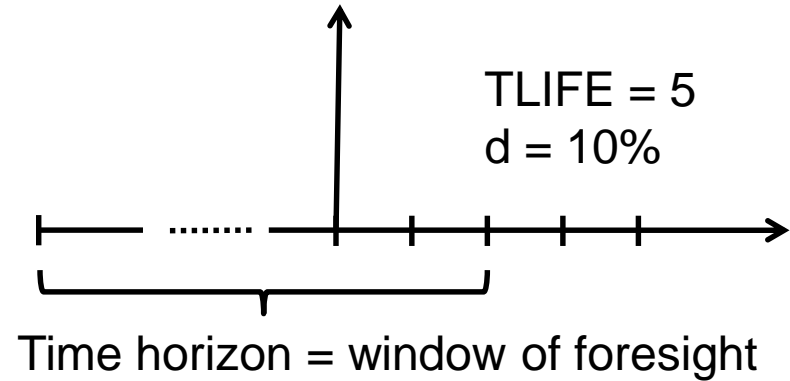
✦ Can lead to unrealistic simulation of investment decisions

Myopic foresight model

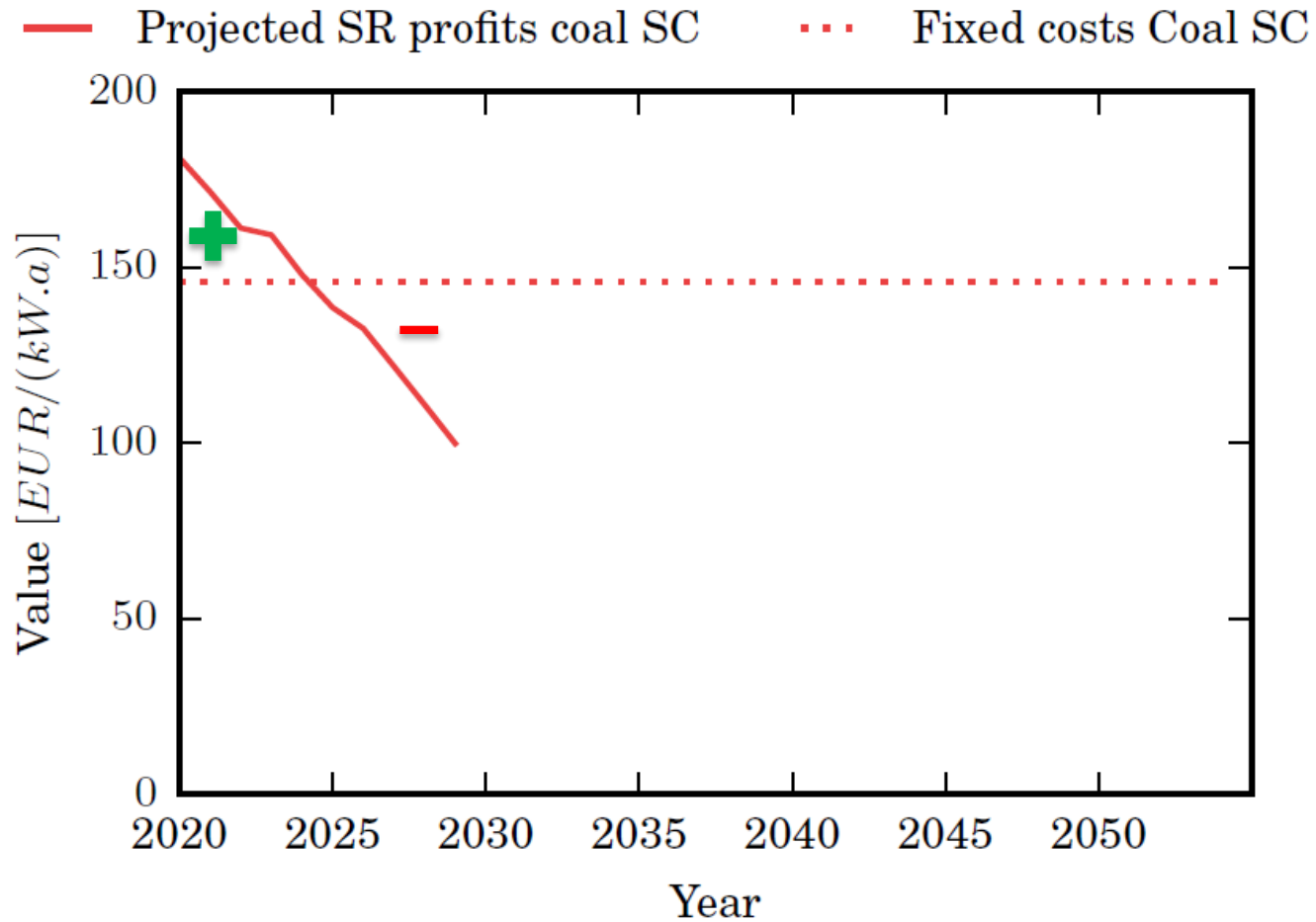
$$\sum_{y=a}^{a+MF-1} \left\{ SR Profits_y \times \frac{1}{(1+IRR)^{y-z}} \right\} =$$
fixed costs – salvage value

- Calculation of salvage value typically based on two assumptions:
1. Total discounted value of an asset equals the total discounted cost
 2. value is distributed homogenously over the asset's life time

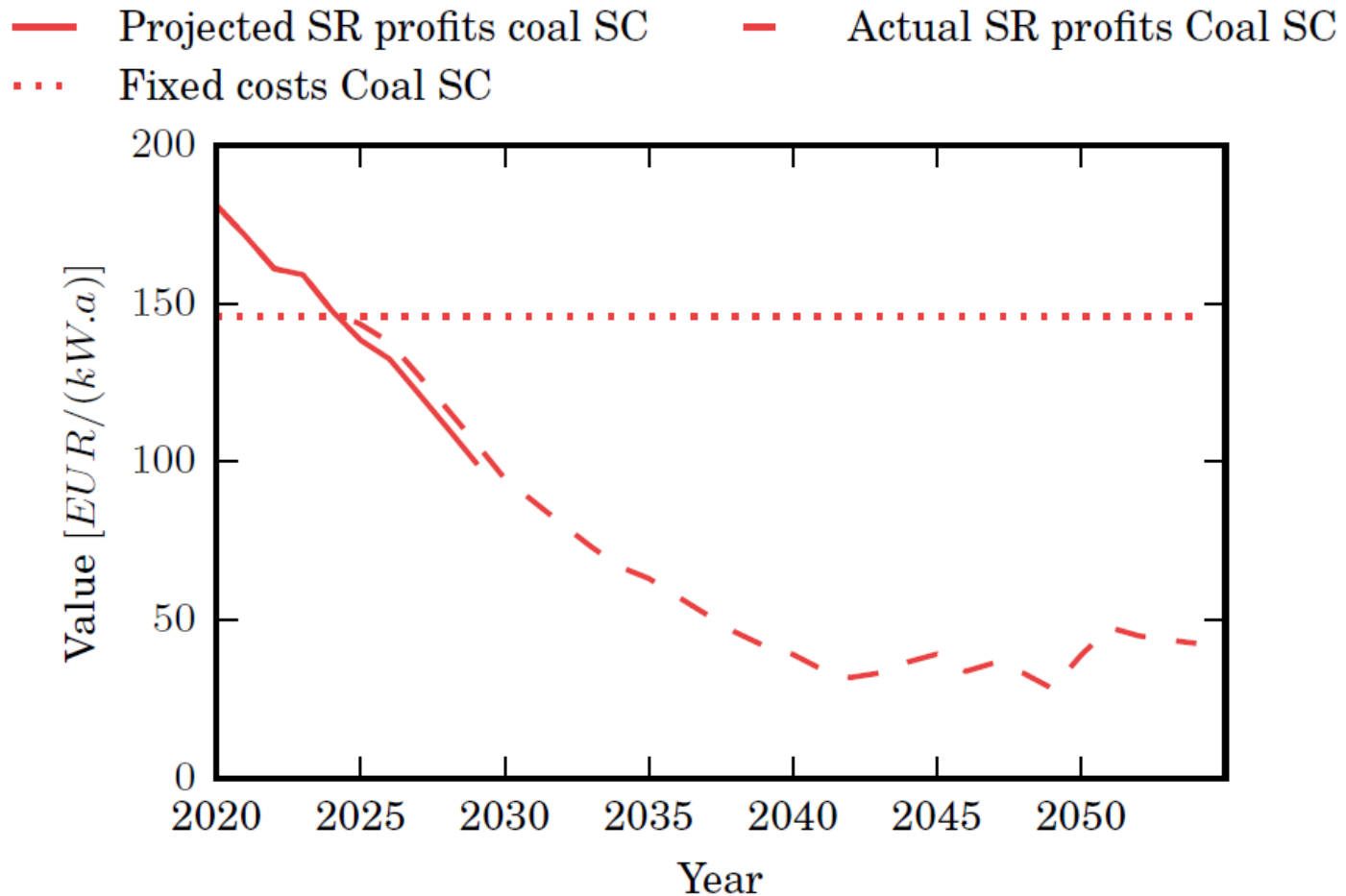
$$\sum_{y=a}^{a+MF-1} \left\{ SR Profits_y \times \right.$$



Myopic foresight scenario



Myopic foresight scenario



Myopic foresight scenario - conclusions

✦ $\sum_{y=a}^{a+MF-1} \left\{ SR \text{ Profits}_y \times \frac{1}{(1+IRR)^{y-z}} \right\} = \text{fixed costs} - \text{salvage value}$

✦ Salvage value is determined exogenously

✦ Homogeneous distribution of the value of an asset seems optimistic

✦ => No extrapolation of observed trends

✦ Impact not related to capital intensiveness

✦ Can lead to unrealistic simulation of investment decisions

✦ Additional issues:

✦ What is the window of foresight?

✦ Window of foresight identical for all uncertain parameters

Summary and conclusions

$$\text{Investment criterion: } \sum_y \{E[SR Profits_y] \times \frac{1}{(1+IRR)^{y-z}}\} \geq \text{fixed costs}$$

Perfect foresight

$$\sum_y \{SR Profits_y \times \frac{1}{(1+IRR)^{y-z}}\} = \text{fixed costs}$$

- Private utilities do not have perfect foresight on short-run profits
- Can lead to unrealistic investment decisions

Myopic foresight

$$\sum_{y=a}^{a+MF-1} \{SR Profits_y \times$$

Poncelet, K. et al., *Myopic Optimization Models for Simulation of Investment Decisions in the Electric Power Sector*. 13th International conference on the European Energy Market, 6-9 June 2016, Porto.

Kris Poncelet, kris.poncelet@kuleuven.be
 KU Leuven, energy and environment group
http://www.mech.kuleuven.be/en/tme/research/energy_environment/